



Lessons from 10 years of adaptive management in Grand Canyon

Jeff Lovich, USGS

Ted Melis, USGS

U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey



Objective

- Summarize findings of SCORE report
- Evaluate accuracy of predictions in 1995 EIS with current research and monitoring data
- Identify critical issues for future research



Environmental impact statement (1995)

- Table II-7
- 30 resource predictions* under Modified Low Fluctuating Flows (preferred alternative)
- In this presentation:
 - “+” = prediction correct or exceeded expectations
 - “-” = prediction incorrect or desired outcome not achieved
- “+/-” = prediction with mixed outcome
- “?” = unknown, data and/or analyses not available

Resource: fine sediment (riverbed and sandbars)

- **PREDICTION:** Modest improvement by constraining daily power plant operations and periodic implementation of Beach/Habitat-Building Flows following accumulation of new tributary sand supplies
- **OUTCOME:** -
- **COMMENT:** Sandbars continue to erode under sediment deficit



Resource: coarse sediment*

- **PREDICTION:** Continued accumulation
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** Continued “coarsening” of system partially mitigated by high flow releases



*
Not in EIS

Resource: aquatic food web

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential major increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** Increases in Lees Ferry reach, not canyon-wide



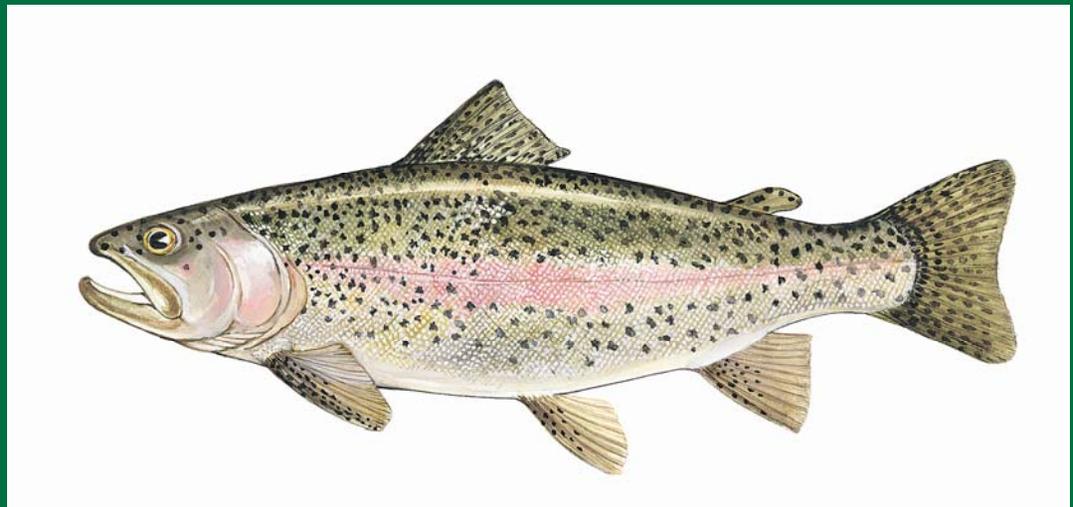
Resource: native fish

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential minor increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** HBC decreased, native suckers may be stable or slightly increasing



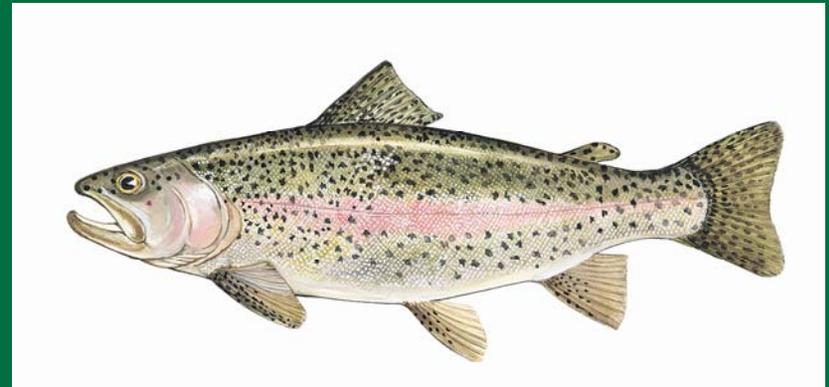
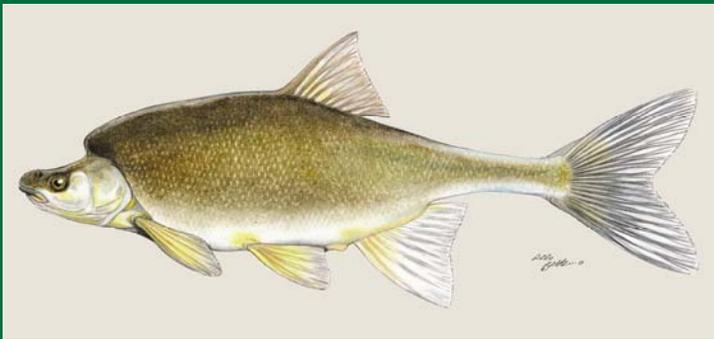
Resource: nonnative fish

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential minor increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** rainbow trout population increased substantially in Lees Ferry reach and Marble Canyon



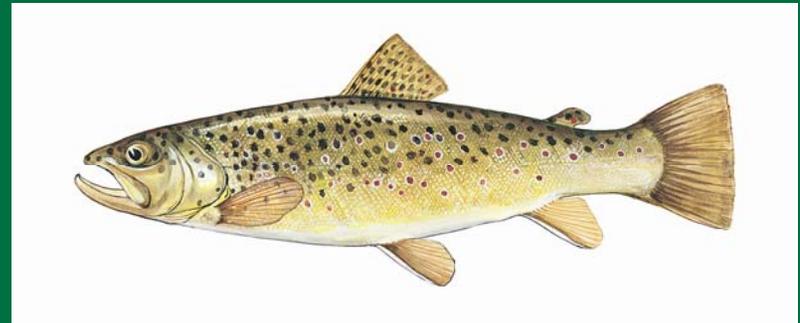
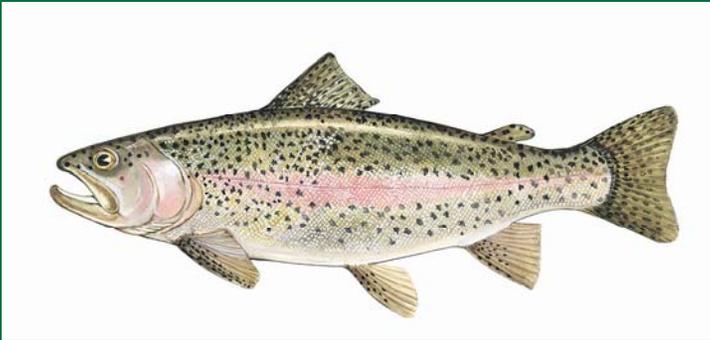
Resource: interactions between native and nonnative fish

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential minor increase in warm, stable microhabitats”
- **OUTCOME:** -
- **COMMENT:** Drought-induced warmer releases not related to dam operations



Resource: trout

- **PREDICTION:** “Increased growth potential, stocking-dependent”
- **OUTCOME:** -
- **COMMENT:** Trout numbers up, condition factor down in Lees Ferry reach. Stocking not required



Resource: woody plants

- **PREDICTION:** “Modest increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** Especially nonnative tamarisk and arrowweed.



Resource: emergent marsh plants

- **PREDICTION:** “Same as or less than no action”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** Wet marsh species decreased, and dry marsh species increased.



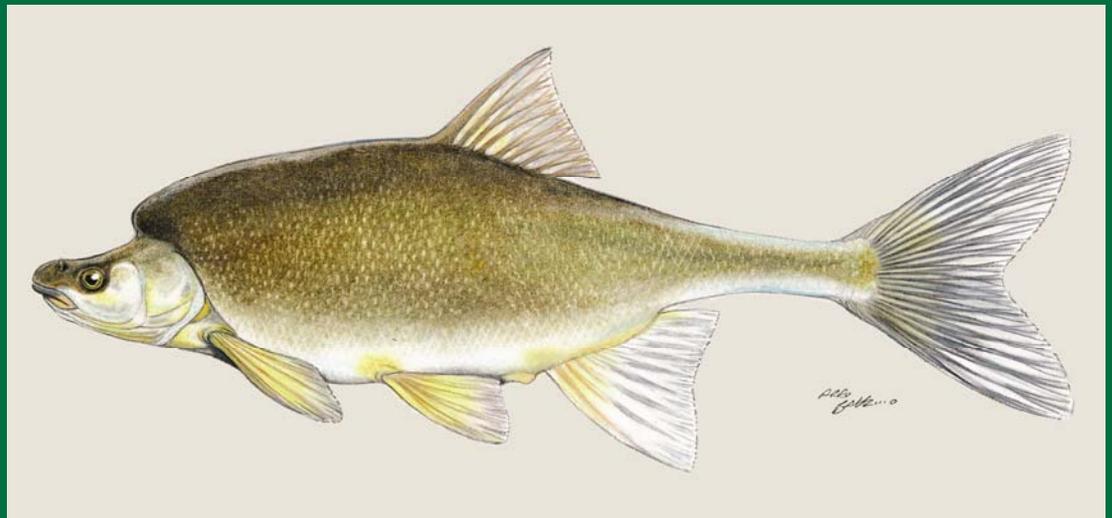
Resource: wintering waterfowl

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** Trends vary by species. Difficult to distinguish from background variation.



Resource: Native fish (humpback chub, razorback sucker, flannelmouth sucker)

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential minor increase”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** HBC declined. Native suckers may be stable or slightly increasing.



Resource: bald eagle

- **PREDICTION:** “Potential increase”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Numbers in Arizona have increased overall.



Resource: peregrine falcon

- **PREDICTION:** “No effect”
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** Numbers stable in Grand Canyon since 1988.



Resource: Kanab ambersnail

- **PREDICTION:** “Some incidental take”
- **OUTCOME:** +/-
- **COMMENT:** Snail habitat increased since 1998, but snail numbers are relatively stable.



Resource: southwestern willow flycatcher

- **PREDICTION:** “Undetermined increase”
- **OUTCOME:** -
- **COMMENT:** Flycatcher is uncommon in Grand Canyon.



Resource: archaeological sites affected

- **PREDICTION:** “Moderate (less than 157)”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Subsequent analyses have not been conducted to fully assess.



Resource: traditional cultural properties affected

- **PREDICTION:** “Moderate”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Subsequent analyses have not been conducted to fully assess



Resource: traditional cultural resources affected

- **PREDICTION:** “Increased protection”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Subsequent analyses have not been conducted to fully assess



Resource: Effect of emissions on regional air quality

- **PREDICTION:** “Slight reduction”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Not addressed by Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program



Resource: angler safety

- **PREDICTION:** “Moderate improvement”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** No long-term monitoring data.



Resource: day rafting

- **PREDICTION:** “Major improvement”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Pre-EIS study suggest that net willingness-to-pay values were insensitive to flows. More studies are needed.



Resource: whitewater boating safety

- **PREDICTION:** “Minor improvement”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** NPS responsibility – not monitored directly as part of Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program



Resource: whitewater boating camping beaches (average area at normal peak stage)

- **PREDICTION:** “Minor increase”
- **OUTCOME:** -
- **COMMENT:** Diminishing due to both vegetation encroachment and sandbar erosion.



Resource: whitewater boating wilderness values

- **PREDICTION:** “Moderate to potential to become major increase”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Potential decrease and decline in campable areas.



Resource: Economic benefits (not related to hydropower revenue)

- **PREDICTION:** Positive
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** Increase both locally and regionally



Resource: annual economic cost (power)

- **PREDICTION:** “Acceptable costs relative to other alternatives”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Subsequent studies are not available to fully assess



Resource: wholesale rate of power

- **PREDICTION:** “Acceptable costs relative to other alternatives”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Not monitored as part of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program except as done by the Western Area Power Administration



Resource: retail rate of power (70% of end users)

- **PREDICTION:** “No change to slight decrease”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Not monitored as part of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program except as done by the Western Area Power Administration



Resource: retail rate of power (23% of end users)

- **PREDICTION:** “Slight decrease to moderate increase”
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Not monitored as part of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program except as done by the Western Area Power Administration



Resource: retail rate of power (7% of end users)

- **PREDICTION:** Acceptable costs relative to other alternatives
- **OUTCOME:** ?
- **COMMENT:** Not monitored as part of the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program except as done by the Western Area Power Administration



Resource: nonuse value

- **PREDICTION:** “No data”
- **OUTCOME:** +
- **COMMENT:** Substantial nonuse value, \$3 - \$4 billion, has been demonstrated as willingness to pay for flows to protect fish.



“Report Card” or outcome of EIS predictions

✓ ++ 5* (17%)

✓ - - 5 (17%)

✓ +/- 6 (20%)

✓ ?? 14 (46%)



* not inc. coarse sediment



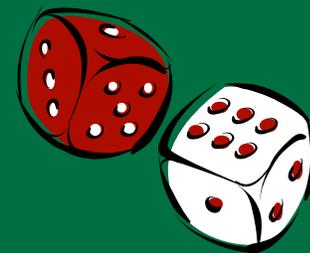
How did the EIS writers do statistically?

Assumptions

1. Eliminate unknown categories (?)
2. Assume that there are only three outcomes (+, -, or +/-)
3. Assume that the probability of each outcome is the same

| | - | + | +/- | Total |
|----------|------|------|------|-------|
| Observed | 5 | 5 | 6 | 16 |
| Expected | 5.33 | 5.33 | 5.33 | 16 |

Chi-square = 0.125, $P = 0.94$

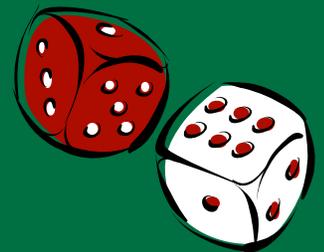


| | - | + or +/- | Total |
|----------|---|----------|-------|
| Observed | 5 | 11 | 16 |
| Expected | 8 | 8 | 16 |

Chi-square* = 2.25, $P = 0.13$



* *Yate's correction for continuity*



Does this mean that Adaptive
Management is a failure?

ABSOLUTELY NOT!

Why didn't they get more predictions right?

- **Vastness of system**
- **Complexity of system**
 - Geological context is many millions of years old
 - Shaped by processes that occur in cycles of thousands (glacial periods) or hundreds of years (climate cycles, e.g., drought)
 - Inhabited by fish with life spans of decades
 - We have knowledge based on about one decade of focused research and monitoring
- **Need for sustained long-term monitoring and more experimentation**

Future research questions

- Why are humpback chub declining?
- What is the linkages between native and nonnative fish, food base (aquatic and terrestrial) and dam operations?
- If the drought continues, what are the impacts of warmwater discharge?
- Is sediment augmentation a viable option?
- What are the linkages between dam operations and archaeological site erosion?



 USGS